UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/537,232 | 05/31/2005 | Tomiharu Okita | 05677/0202806-US0 | 6388 |
| 7278 DARBY & DA | 7590 03/25/200 RBY P.C. | EXAMINER | | |
| P.O. BOX 770 Church Street S | tation | KIRKSEY, DONTE R | | |
| New York, NY | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 4193 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 03/25/2008 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/537,232 | OKITA ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | DONTE KIRKSEY | 4193 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>31 Mar</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine. 10) The drawing(s) filed on 05/31/2205 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or | r election requirement. r. accepted or b)∏ objected to by | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti | | • • | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 07/14/2005. | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | te | | | |

Application/Control Number: 10/537,232 Page 2

Art Unit: 4193

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Griffin (USP 6,447,071).

With respect to claim 1, fig 1 of Griffin teaches a method of manufacturing a full face vehicle wheel including:

providing a wheel rim (14) with one opening brim (see top edge of 48) thereof formed to be a flange portion (54) while the other opening brim (see top edge of 50) to be a peripheral joining end (see outer edge of 52); and

providing a wheel disk (12) with the periphery (see outer edge of 24) thereof formed to be a flange portion (24) for supporting a tire bead sidewise (the tire bead resides in bead seat 26; see col2, lines 49-52), with said peripheral joining end (see outer edge of 24) welded (at 70, see Griffin, Col 1, Lines 45-46) to the back surface (see Griffin, Col 1, Lines 61-65 and Figs 1-2) of said wheel disk (12)

providing the back surface (see Griffin, Col 1, Lines 61-65 and Figs 1-2) of the wheel disk (12) in advance with an annular joining groove (36) to;

providing the peripheral joining end (at the margin of; around the edge of, see outer edge of 14) of the wheel rim (14) in advance with an inside slope end surface (64);

Application/Control Number: 10/537,232 Page 3

Art Unit: 4193

seating and positioning said peripheral joining end on the bottom surface of the annular joining groove (36, Figs 3-5); producing a welding heat confining annular (region 38, see welding, Griffin, Col 1, Lines 45-46) between the inside groove wall (42) of the annular joining groove (36, Figs 3-5) and the inside slope end surface (64) by placing the inside edge of the inside slope end surface (64) in contact with or near said inside groove wall (42); and joining the annular joining groove (36) and the peripheral joining end (see outer edge of 14) by welding, (see Griffin, Col 1, Lines45-46) so that the wheel disk (12) and the wheel rim (14) are joined.

With respect to claim 2, fig 2 of Griffin teaches the inside slope end surface (64) formed at the peripheral joining end of the wheel rim (14) has a slope angle (see Griffin, claim 2) within a range greater than about three degrees and not greater than about 60 degrees relative to the bottom surface (40) of the annular joining groove (36).

With respect to claim 4, fig 1 of Griffin teaches a <u>forming</u> the outside groove wall (see outer wall 40 of 36) of the annular joining groove (36) to tilt outward by an angle (see Griffin, Claim 11) within a range greater than about 40 degrees and not greater than about 90 degrees (see Griffin, Claim 11) relative to the bottom surface (42) of the annular joining groove (36).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Griffin (USP 6,447,071) in view of Hasegawa (USP 5,417,476).

With respect to claim 3, fig 1 of Griffin teaches <u>forming</u> the inside slope end surface (64) of the peripheral joining of the wheel rim (14).

Giffin does not teach bending the opening brim where said peripheral joining end is formed toward the inside of the wheel rim. Hasegawa teaches bending the opening brim (see Hasegaw 17, Fig 2, and Col 2, Lines 37-40). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Griffin reference by bending the opening brim as taught by Hasegawa where said peripheral joining end is formed toward the inside of the wheel rim for the purpose of forming the desired inside slope end surface of the peripheral joining end of the wheel.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Tanaka et al. (USP 6,869,149) teach a vehicle wheel and method of manufacturing same with heat welding.

Grassi et al. (USP 6,138,355) teach a vehicle wheel and method of manufacturing same with an annular portion, rim and welding.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DONTE KIRKSEY whose telephone number is (571)270-3792. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 a.m to 5 p.m.

Application/Control Number: 10/537,232 Page 5

Art Unit: 4193

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Nguyen can be reached on 5712721753. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Drk

/Long Nguyen/ Supervisory Patent Examiner Art Unit 4193